

2.2.9 Control of Pesticides

The following table lists the pesticides used on the property and the crops to which they are applied. The table also includes the name of the applicator and the date of application.

The applicator for all pesticides used on the property is [Name]. The applicator is licensed and trained in the use of pesticides. The applicator uses the pesticides in accordance with the label directions. The applicator also follows the Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program to control pests on the property.

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Appendix A– Definitions

The following definitions apply to this permit. Terms not defined in this Appendix have the meaning given by 40 CFR §133.2. Where a definition is provided in 40 CFR §133.2, the definition in this Appendix shall prevail.

“Active Substance” means a substance or organism, including viruses or fungi, that has a good faith potential for the acquisition of genetic material from aquatic organisms and pathogens. [source: BW Treaty Reg. 1(7)]

“Alternative Management” means a management strategy that is different from the

“Water Column Compartment” means the total volume of water in any of the compartments for carrying out the activity, including the water in any tanks, space or compartment designed to allow carriage of the water column.

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(iii) all "Active Substance" or "Biocide" data (e.g., the full data package as submitted to the International Maritime Organization for approval) have all been made available to the US EPA.

"Discharge Incidental to the Normal Operation of a Vessel" means those discharges that are excluded from the NPDES permitting program by operation of 40 CFR 135.101.

the concentration of seawater (or the) produced as a by-product of the processes used to generate fresh water from seawater. [source: 40 CFR §170.13.7]

"Distillation and Reverse Osmosis Brine" means the brine by-product of the processes used to generate fresh water from seawater.

of the VGP, means the next scheduled drydocking, consistent with the requirements of 46 CFR 31.10-21 (typically, at least every five years or sooner). In the event of an emergency, the vessel may be drydocked more frequently.

"Drydocking" or "next drydocking" for purposes of this permit means the next scheduled drydocking, consistent with the requirements of 46 CFR 31.10-21 (typically, at least every five years or sooner). In the event of an emergency, the vessel may be drydocked more frequently.

are "biodegradable" and "non-toxic" as defined in this permit. For purposes of this permit, "biodegradable" means the ability of a substance to be broken down by natural biological processes. "Non-toxic" means a substance that does not cause harm to the environment. The following are examples of "Environmentally Acceptable Lubricants": Blue Angel European Ecolabel, Nordic Swan Ecolabel, ISO 15343 and ISO 15347, Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment of the North-East Atlantic.

"Environmentally Acceptable Lubricants" means lubricants that are "biodegradable," "non-toxic," and are "not bioaccumulative" as defined in this permit. Products meeting the permit's definitions of being "Environmentally Acceptable Lubricants" include those labeled with the following labels: Blue Angel European Ecolabel, Nordic Swan Ecolabel, ISO 15343 and ISO 15347, Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment of the North-East Atlantic.

... water has been changed to minimize the number of original organisms remaining in the tank.

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"Exclusive Economic Zone" (EEZ) means the area established by Presidential Proclamation on March 10, 1983 (48 FR 10605) which extends from the base line of the territorial sea to a distance of 200 nautical miles from the base line of the territorial sea.

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